Insights Idva England and Wales dataset 2016-17 Adult independent domestic violence advisor (Idva) services



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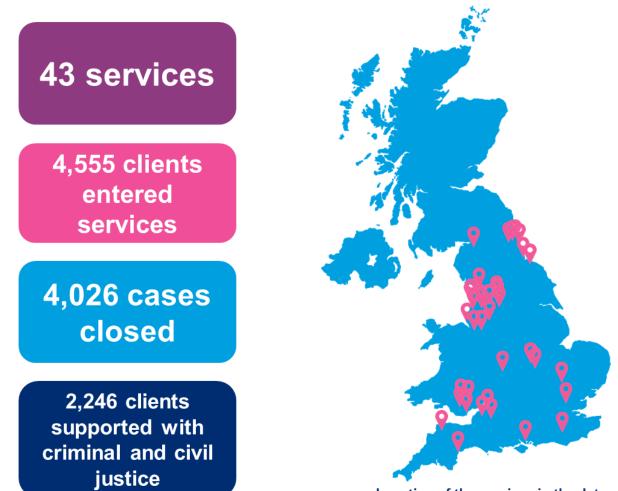
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About this dataset

This data report forms part of a series of publications from SafeLives' Adult Insights dataset. It contains 4,555 unique individual cases at intake and 4,026 matched cases at exit, drawn from 43 Idva services across England and Wales which used the SafeLives Insights outcome measurement service between April 2016 and March 2017. It compares this year's data to data from the Safelives Insights datasets for 2015-16 and 2014-15. Note that due to rounding errors, some columns may not add up to 100%.

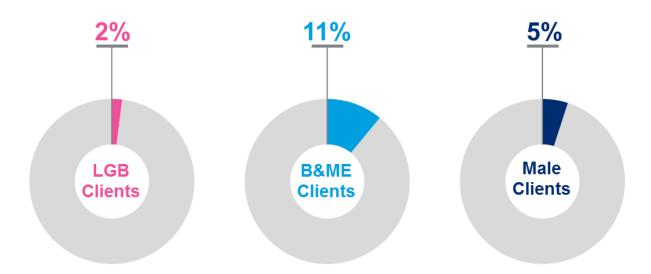
SafeLives runs the largest national database of domestic abuse cases in the UK. Our Insights database has records of more than 64,000 unique cases of adults experiencing domestic abuse from 2009 to date, and a further 3,000 unique cases of children in domestic abuse households from 2011 to date. These datasets give us an unparalleled overview of the national picture of domestic abuse. We hope that everyone working to stop domestic abuse will be able to use this data to improve their services so that victims and families get the right help sooner.

At a glance

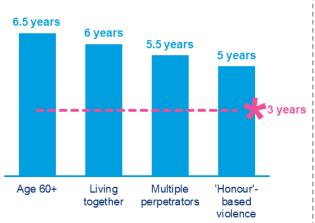


Location of the services in the dataset

Proportion of clients from diverse client groups



Key findings

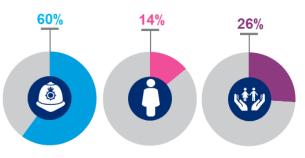


The **average length of abuse** was **3 years** for victims, but this differed depending on **age** and **additional needs**

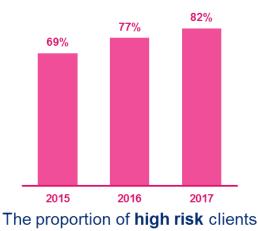
Two fifths of children in households where domestic abuse was taking place had been living with abuse for their whole lives



Over half of clients reported **no abuse** in the past month after receiving support from an **Idva**



The most frequent referral route was the **police**, followed by **selfreferrals.** All **other non-police agencies** only referred a **quarter** of clients



has increased year-on-year since 2015

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On exit, 84% of clients reported feeling safer, 83% felt their quality of life had improved, and 89% felt confident in accessing support in the future.

Service inputs

Cases used in the analysis

Intake forms

In the period April 2016 to March 2017, caseworkers submitted 4,794 intake forms for clients entering Idva services. 227 forms were excluded from the dataset due to the client appearing twice, and 12 forms were excluded due being completed incorrectly. These forms contain information about client demographics, and the characteristics of the abuse that clients accessing Idva services are experiencing.

For the period April 2015 to March 2016, there were 6,755 forms submitted, and for the period April 2014 to March 2015 there were 7,134 forms submitted.

Exit forms

Caseworkers submitted 4,255 exit forms for clients leaving Idva services for the period April 2016 to March 2017. Of these 150 of these were excluded due the client appearing more than once, and 80 were excluded due to being completed incorrectly. These forms were then matched to their corresponding intake form to provide a picture of client outcomes at the point of exit compared to intake. They also contain information about what interventions the client accessed.

Intake dates may occur prior to the period April 2016 to March 2017. For the period April 2015 to March 2016 there were 5,585 forms submitted, and for the period April 2014 to March 2015 there were 5,922 forms submitted.

Criminal and civil justice forms

Caseworkers supporting clients with criminal and civil justice (CCJ) submitted 2,667 forms for the period April 2016 to March 2017. Of these, 96 were excluded due to the client appearing more than once and 22 were excluded due to being completed incorrectly. These forms provide information on the outcomes of any criminal and civil justice interventions at exit.

For the period April 2015 to March 2016 there were 2,945 forms submitted, and for the period April 2014 to March 2015 there were 3,164 forms submitted.

New Referrals/ Repeats	2017		2016	2015
New Referrals	81%	3706	5,213	5,360
Repeats	19%	849	1,074	1,298
Total	100%	4,555	6,287	6,658

Cases are deemed repeats if the client has returned to the service after their case was previously closed (or made inactive).

Primary Referral Route	2017	2016	2015
Police	60%	59%	54%
Marac	7%	4%	4%
Self-referrals	14%	13%	15%
Health	4%	5%	5%
DV and SV services	6%	7%	8%
Housing	1%	2%	2%
CYP services	4%	6%	6%
Specialist services	1%	2%	1%
Other	2%	3%	4%

2.246

Client profile

Socio-demographic description of client accessing Idva services

(Information captured at intake, number of cases (n) = 4,555)

Demographic information at intake			n= 4555
Age of client	2017	2016	2015
<18	2%	2%	2%
18-20	6%	8%	8%
21-30	35%	37%	37%
31-40	29%	27%	28%
41-50	17%	16%	17%
51-60	7%	6%	6%
61+	4%	3%	3%
Missing	0%	1%	0%

Gender identity	2017	2016	2015
Female	95%	95%	96%
Male	5%	5%	4%
Intersex	0%	0%	<1%
Not gender assigned at birth	<1%	1%	<1%

Sexual Orientation	2017	2016	2015
Heterosexual	95%	94%	94%
LGB	2%	2%	2%
Missing	2%	3%	4%

Ethnicity	2017	2016	2015
White British or Irish	89%	87%	85%
Other white background	3%	3%	3%
Asian	4%	5%	8%
Black	1%	1%	1%
Dual Heritage	1%	1%	1%
Arab	<1%	1%	0%
Other	2%	3%	4%
Total B&ME	11%	12%	14%

National B&ME percentage is 18.6%. Note this dataset only reflects the demographics of the areas in which the services are located. Some year on year variation in B&ME percentage is therefore also due to changes in the services which make up the dataset.

Immigration	2017	2016	2015
Clients needing an interpreter	4%	4%	4%
Clients with no recourse to public funds	4%	5%	6%
Clients needing to apply for ILR	2%	3%	2%

Children			
Children in household	2017	2016	2015
Children in household	63%	65%	66%
No children in household	37%	35%	34%
Clients who are pregnant	6%	7%	6%

Total number of children	6,044	8,156	8,805
Average number of children per household with children	2.1	2.0	2.0

Ages of children	2017	2016	2015
Under 3 years old	21%	22%	23%
3 to 4 years old	13%	14%	14%
5 to 7 years old	18%	18%	18%
8 to 11 years old	18%	19%	19%
12 to 14 years old	11%	10%	11%
15 to 17 years old	8%	8%	8%
Missing	12%	9%	8%

Children and young people services (CYPS)			n= 2890
CYPS Involvement	2017	2016	2015
Clients with CYPS involvement with the family	57%	48%	42%
Clients with no CYPS involvement with the family	39%	45%	52%
Missing	3%	6%	6%

Type of CYPS Involvement	2017	2016	2015
Concern raised - no further action	9%	-	-
Concern raised - contacts/follow up	8%	-	-
Initial assessment	14%	-	-
S17 - Child in need	7%	11%	15%
S47 - Child protection	10%	13%	14%
S31 - Care or supervision order	2%	1%	1%
Child protection plan	4%	-	-
CAF	3%	5%	5%
Other	3%	7%	7%

For 2015 data, some answers were not available in the form. These are left blank.

Multiple needs at intake			n= 4555
Within the past 12 months	2017	2016	2015
Drugs misuse	6%	6%	6%
Alcohol misuse	9%	10%	10%
Mental health problems	39%	38%	33%
At any time			
Threatened or attempted suicide	16%	13%	13%
Self harm	16%	14%	15%

Client has a disability	14%	14%	12%
Physical	8%	7%	6%
Learning	3%	3%	2%
Visual	<1%	<1%	<1%
Hearing	1%	1%	1%
Other	4%	5%	4%

Profile and history of abuse at intake

(Information captured at intake, n=4,555)

Clients' circumstances at intake			
Employment/ education	2017	2016	2015
Paid employment	36%	32%	30%
Voluntary employment	<1%	<1%	<1%
In education/training	4%	6%	7%
Not in employment/ education	55%	57%	57%
No (retired)	3%	1%	-
Missing	2%	4%	15%

Financial circumstances	2017	2016	2015
Struggling to pay for essentials	21%	7%	-
Can pay for essentials but nothing left after	35%	11%	-
Can buy occasional treat and save a little	21%	7%	-
Regular treats and saving or holidays	4%	1%	-
Comfortably managing - don't have to worry	4%	2%	-
Missing	15%	72%	-

Relationship to perpetrator	2017	2016	2015
Intimate partner	30%	29%	27%
Ex-intimate partner	60%	60%	61%
Intermittent intimate partner	2%	3%	3%
Family member (adult)	7%	7%	7%
Family member (minor)	1%	1%	1%
Other	<1%	<1%	<1%

Additional risks	2017	2016	2015
Multiple perpetrators	8%	8%	9%
Risk of forced marriage	1%	1%	1%
Risk of 'honour'-based violence	4%	4%	5%

Living arrangements	2017	2016	2015
Living together	24%	20%	19%
Not living together	71%	76%	77%
Living together intermittently	5%	4%	3%

Risk profile at intake			
Dash score	2017	2016	2015
Between 0-5	4%	5%	6%
Between 6-9	14%	15%	15%
Over 10	82%	80%	79%
Average Dash score	13 ticks	13 ticks	13 ticks

Risk level	2017	2016	2015
High risk	82%	77%	69%
Non-high risk	18%	23%	31%
Marac threshold	72%	71%	63%

82% of clients were assessed as high risk at intake and 72% of clients reached the threshold for referral to a multi-agency risk assessment conference (Marac).

History of abuse at intake			
Length of abuse	2017	2016	2015
0-12 months	21%	21%	20%
1-2 years	15%	15%	16%
2-5 years	31%	31%	31%
5-10 years	18%	18%	16%
10+ years	15%	15%	16%
Average length of abuse	3 years	3 years	2.6 years

History of abuse	2017	2016	2015
Yes, same partner in an earlier relationship	37%	-	-
Yes, by previous intimate partner	20%	-	-
Yes, perpetrated by family member	7%	-	-
Yes, direct abuse as a child/young person	5%	-	-
Yes, exposure to domestic abuse as a child/young person	7%	-	-
Yes, other	2%	-	-
No	47%	-	-

Attempts to leave perpetrator in past 12 months			
Has the client attempted to leave the perpetrator?			
Yes	68%	68%	66%
No	18%	18%	19%
Not Applicable	14%	14%	15%
Average number of times	2.4	2.2	2.1

Use of public services in past 12 months			
Reported the abuse to the police	2017	2016	2015
Yes	76%	74%	74%
No	19%	17%	19%
Missing	5%	9%	6%
Average number of times	2.4	2.3	2.5

Visited their GP (for any reason)	2017	2016	2015
Yes	52%	46%	48%
No	27%	24%	26%
Missing	21%	30%	26%
Average number of times	4.5	4.5	4.6

Attended A&E (as a result of the abuse)	2017	2016	2015
Yes	18%	17%	18%
No	72%	68%	69%
Missing	10%	15%	14%
Average number of times	1.3	1.3	1.3

Accessed other specialist DV service	2017	2016	2015
Yes	23%	19%	18%
No	69%	67%	68%
Missing	8%	14%	15%
Average number of times	1.2	1.3	1.3

Average number of times excludes data not applicable, available or missing

Profile of abuse at intake			
For the 3 months prior to intake:			
Type of abuse experienced by clients	2017	2016	2015
Physical abuse	69%	69%	66%
Sexual abuse	26%	24%	23%
Harassment & stalking	69%	72%	69%
Jealous & controlling behaviours	82%	83%	82%

Severity of abuse			
% of clients experiencing high severity abuse	2017	2016	2015
Physical abuse	46%	47%	42%
Sexual abuse	9%	10%	10%
Harassment & stalking	41%	43%	40%
Jealous & controlling behaviours	50%	51%	48%

% of clients experiencing moderate severity abuse	2017	2016	2015
Physical abuse	16%	15%	18%
Sexual abuse	8%	7%	7%
Harassment & stalking	20%	20%	20%
Jealous & controlling behaviours	25%	23%	24%

% of clients experiencing standard severity abuse	2017	2016	2015
Physical abuse	6%	7%	6%
Sexual abuse	9%	7%	6%
Harassment & stalking	8%	9%	9%
Jealous & controlling behaviours	6%	7%	11%

Changes in severity of abuse			
% of clients experiencing increase in severity of abuse	2017	2016	2015
Physical abuse	46%	47%	43%
Sexual abuse	11%	10%	9%
Harassment & stalking	40%	43%	40%
Jealous & controlling behaviours	47%	47%	45%

% of clients experiencing no change in severity of abuse	2017	2016	2015
Physical abuse	12%	13%	13%
Sexual abuse	10%	9%	10%
Harassment & stalking	21%	22%	21%
Jealous & controlling behaviours	26%	27%	28%

% of clients experiencing reduction in severity of abuse	2017	2016	2015
Physical abuse	10%	8%	10%
Sexual abuse	5%	4%	4%
Harassment & stalking	7%	7%	7%
Jealous & controlling behaviours	8%	8%	9%

Changes in frequency of abuse			
% of clients experiencing increase in frequency of abuse	2017	2016	2015
Physical abuse	45%	45%	41%
Sexual abuse	10%	10%	9%
Harassment & stalking	40%	42%	39%
Jealous & controlling behaviours	46%	47%	45%

% of clients experiencing no change in frequency of abuse	2017	2016	2015
Physical abuse	13%	14%	14%
Sexual abuse	10%	9%	9%
Harassment & stalking	21%	22%	21%
Jealous & controlling behaviours	26%	26%	27%

% of clients experiencing decrease in frequency of abuse	2017	2016	2015
Physical abuse	10%	10%	10%
Sexual abuse	5%	4%	4%
Harassment & stalking	7%	7%	8%
Jealous & controlling behaviours	9%	9%	10%

Multiple types of abuse and escalation	2017	2016	2015
Multiple types of abuse reported	82%	82%	80%
Multiple types of high severity abuse reported	48%	49%	46%
At least one form of high severity abuse	72%	72%	67%
At least one form of high severity abuse which is escalating in frequency or severity	58%	59%	54%
Any escalation in severity of abuse	68%	70%	67%
Any escalation in frequency of abuse	66%	68%	65%
Any escalation in severity or frequency of abuse	70%	72%	69%

Primary perpetrator information			
Gender & gender identity	2017	2016	2015
Female	5%	4%	4%
Male	95%	95%	94%
Intersex	<1%	<1%	<1%
Not gender assigned at birth	1%	<1%	<1%

Criminal record	2017	2016	2015
Yes - DV related	49 %	46%	44%
Yes - other violent crime	34%	33%	31%
Yes - non-violent crime	28%	27%	27%
No	17%	18%	57%

Client outcomes

Outcomes and profile of abuse at exit

(Information captured at exit, n=4,026)

The following is an analysis of cases where an exit form was completed during the reporting period. Cases have been matched with their corresponding intake forms, and intake data here relates only to the cases which also have exit data, so will vary from the number of cases in the intake dataset.

84% of the cases with exit data were closed by the case worker according to the service's case closure policy. 16% were made inactive due to a prolonged period of no contact.

Client circumstances at exit			n= 4026
Living arrangements at exit	2017	2016	2015
Living together	8%	10%	11%
Not living together	84%	84%	83%
Living together intermittently	2%	2%	2%
Missing	6%	4%	3%

Where not living together, do the following apply?		Not living together = 3389		
	2017			
Perpetrator in jail	10%	10%	9%	
Serious illness or death of perpetrator	<1%	<1%	<1%	
Other (perpetrator abroad, military duty, etc)	29%	33%	28%	
None of the above	50%	48%	53%	

If not living together, is there ongoing contact?	2017	2016	2015
Clients reporting ongoing contact	32%	32%	34%
Clients reporting no ongoing contact	61%	60%	58%
Missing	7%	8%	9%

Reasons for ongoing contact		Ongoing contact = 1081	
	2017		
Children	67%	69%	66%
Family and social network	9%	11%	15%
Legal proceedings	11%	10%	11%
Financial arrangements	5%	4%	4%
Ongoing abuse	15%	14%	14%
Ongoing intimate partner relationship	7%	-	-
Other	7%	10%	12%

Employment/education			n= 4026
	2017		
Paid	36%	32%	30%
Voluntary	1%	0%	<1%
In education	3%	3%	7%
No	50%	57%	57%
No (retired)	2%	1%	-
Missing	8%	7%	14%

Profile of abuse at exit compared to intake			n= 4026
	2017	2016	2015
No abuse experienced in past month / since intake	53%	57%	57%

Type of abuse at exit compared to intake						
	2017		20	16	20	15
	Intake	Exit				
Physical abuse	68%	20%	67%	16%	67%	16%
Sexual abuse	24%	8%	23%	5%	22%	5%
Harassment/stalking	69%	31%	71%	29%	68%	28%
Jealous and controlling behaviours	82%	33%	82%	30%	82%	30%

% of clients experiencing high severity abuse vs. intake						
	20	2017)16	2015	
	Intake	Exit				
Physical abuse	47%	10%	45%	8%	43%	8%
Sexual abuse	9%	2%	10%	1%	9%	1%
Harassment/stalking	43%	10%	42%	9%	41%	9%
Jealous and controlling behaviours	50%	12%	49%	10%	49%	10%

% of clients experiencing moderate severity abuse vs. intake						
	2017		20	16	2015	
	Intake	Exit				
Physical abuse	15%	5%	16%	4%	18%	4%
Sexual abuse	7%	2%	7%	2%	7%	1%
Harassment/stalking	19%	9%	20%	7%	19%	9%
Jealous and controlling behaviours	25%	9%	23%	8%	23%	9%

% of clients experiencing standard severity abuse vs. intake						
	2017		20	16	2015	
	Intake	Exit				
Physical abuse	5%	5%	6%	5%	6%	4%
Sexual abuse	8%	4%	6%	2%	6%	2%
Harassment/stalking	7%	12%	8%	13%	8%	10%
Jealous and controlling behaviours	7%	12%	10%	12%	10%	11%

Multiple types of abuse and escalation at exit compared to intake						
	20	17	20	16	20	15
	Intake	Exit				
Multiple types of abuse reported	81%	29%	81%	26%	80%	25%
Multiple types of high severity abuse reported	49%	11%	48%	9%	48%	9%
At least one form of high severity abuse	72%	17%	72%	14%	68%	14%
At least one form of high severity abuse which is escalating in frequency or severity	59%	4%	59%	4%	56%	3%
Any escalation in severity of abuse	69%	5%	71%	5%	69%	4%
Any escalation in frequency of abuse	67%	4%	67%	5%	67%	4%
Any escalation in severity or frequency of abuse	71%	5%	72%	5%	71%	5%

Caseworker perception of risk at exit			
Risk reduction	2017	2016	2015
Significant	30%	33%	35%
Moderate	41%	39%	40%
Limited	18%	19%	18%
Increased Risk	1%	1%	1%
Missing	10%	8%	7%
Significant/Moderate	71%	72%	75%

Sustainability of any reduction in risk	2017	2016	2015
Very short term	1%	1%	1%
Short term	14%	11%	10%
Medium term	41%	41%	42%
Long term	25%	26%	24%
Risk permanently eliminated	4%	6%	7%
Missing	15%	15%	17%

Client reported outcomes at exit (T2)			
Feelings of safety	2017	2016	2015
Much safer	54%	55%	53%
Somewhat safer	30%	29%	30%
No change	7%	6%	6%
Less safe	<1%	<1%	<1%
Missing	9%	10%	10%
Somewhat / much safer	84%	84%	84%

Quality of life	2017	2016	2015
Improved a lot	50%	50%	49%
Improved a little	33%	32%	32%
Not changed	8%	7%	7%
Become worse	1%	1%	1%
Missing	8%	10%	11%
Much / a little improved	83%	82%	81%

Confidence in accessing support	2017	2016	2015
Very confident	56%	54%	55%
Confident	33%	35%	35%
Not confident	2%	1%	1%
Missing	9%	10%	9%
Very confident/confident	89%	89%	89%

Service outputs

Interventions

(Information captured at exit, n=4,026)

Case status at exit	2017	2016	2015
Closed	84%	83%	90%
Unplanned closure	16%	17%	10%
Client fatality	<1%	<1%	-

There were 2 cases of client fatality.

Intensity of support	2017	2016	2015
Less than 5 contacts	21%	22%	25%
Between 5 and up to 10 contacts	27%	27%	28%
More than 10 contacts	52%	50%	46%
Average case length	2.3 months	2.5 months	2.4 months

Number of interventions	2017	2016	2015
0 or 1 areas of support	6%	6%	7%
2 or 3 areas of support	20%	22%	27%
4 or 5 areas of support	36%	38%	36%
More than 5 areas of support	37%	34%	31%
Average number of interventions per client	4.7	4.6	4.4

Types of interventions and outcomes				n= 4026
Areas of support	20)17	2016	2015
Safety planning	3,705	92%	92%	92%
Marac	2,785	69 %	68%	15%
Police	2,390	59%	56%	54%
Criminal court process	1,726	43%	39%	35%
Probation	289	7%	6%	5%
Civil orders	945	23%	20%	17%
Housing	2,068	51%	51%	47%
Financial benefits	761	19%	18%	16%
Immigration	40	1%	1%	1%
Health & well-being	2,979	74%	75%	77%
Children	1,395	35%	36%	38%
HBV / Forced marriage	29	1%	1%	<1%

Safelives recommends that all clients should receive safety planning.

Interventions accessed in each area of support			
As a % of all clients accessing that area of support			
Safety planning		Clients accessing	support area = 3705
	2017		2015
Safety plan	99%	98%	99%

Police		Clients accessing support area = 2390		
	2017			
Protective measures	63%	67%	89%	
Arrest	29%	29%	41%	
Other	63%	62%	67%	

Criminal court process		Clients accessing support area = 1726	
	2017		
Process ongoing or pending	36%	33%	29%
Conviction and sentence	54%	55%	55%
Bail conditions	42%	42%	42%
Other	87%	90%	83%

Probation		Clients accessing support area = 289	
	2017		2015
IDAP/perpetrator programme	14%	12%	18%
Other	91%	91%	85%

Civil orders		Clients accessing support area = 945	
	2017		2015
Granted and enforced	33%	33%	40%
Other	50%	53%	48%

Housing		Clients accessing support area = 2068	
	2017		
Sanctuary scheme	31%	37%	33%
Client re-housed in area	17%	18%	17%
Client moved out of area	12%	11%	12%
Perpetrator evicted	2%	3%	3%
Refuge	8%	8%	10%
Other	47%	44%	44%

Financial benefits		Clients accessing support area = 761	
	2017		
Benefits/monetary support	51%	52%	63%
Debt being addressed	26%	23%	25%
Employment (paid/ voluntary)	6%	9%	-
Other	41%	44%	17%

Immigration		Clients accessing support area = 40	
	2017		
Leave to remain not dependent on perpetrator	20%	33%	41%
Recourse to public funds	43%	31%	52%
Other support with immigration	68%	73%	29%

Health & well-being		Clients accessing support area = 29	
	2017		
Improved access to help and support	79%	79%	85%
Improved coping strategies	60%	59%	64%
Clients engagement with:			
Mental health services	12%	11%	10%
Other health services	6%	9%	8%
Drug services	2%	2%	2%
Alcohol services	3%	3%	3%
Specialist DV services (not refuge)	6%	9%	11%
Specialist BME DV service	1%	1%	1%
Counselling	13%	12%	9%
Pattern changing course/similar	12%	14%	13%
Positive change in clients' support networks	19%	22%	27%
Engagement with adult safeguarding	2%	3%	2%
Midwife	3%	2%	1%
Peer-support Group	9%	10%	2%
Other	21%	22%	26%

Children		Clients accessing support area = 1395	
	2017		
Child contact arrangements in place	35%	30%	27%
Safeguarding initiated/ issued/ addressed	39%	38%	56%
Civil orders (children) granted & enforced	8%	6%	7%
Special needs of children addressed	4%	6%	6%
Parenting courses	3%	3%	2%
Statutory Children's Service involvement	32%	31%	9%
Specialist DV support for CYP	11%	14%	5%
Other	20%	23%	27%

HBV / Forced marriage		Clients accessing support area = 29		
	2017			
Forced Marriage Unit	0%	7%	11%	
Honour-based violence helpline	7%	14%	11%	
Other specialist HBV/FM service	24%	30%	26%	
Other	76%	86%	79%	

Criminal and civil justice outcomes

Criminal justice system outcomes

(Information captured at exit, n=1,971)

Criminal justice outcomes			n= 4026
Police involvement			
Was a police report made?	2017	2016	2015
Yes, made by the victim	52%	46%	39%
Yes, made by other	5%	5%	3%
No	7%	7%	6%
Total clients who had a police report made	56%	50%	46%

When was the report made?	2017	2016	2015
Before engagement with service	47%	43%	32%
After engagement with service	7%	6%	4%

The above shows when the police report was made as percentages of all cases reviewed at exit. Below is shown as a percentages of all police reports made.

Police action	Police reports = 224		
Was the perpetrator arrested?	2017	2016	2015
Yes	84%	86%	81%
No	15%	13%	11%

Was a domestic violence protection notice issued?	2017	2016	2015
Yes, issued	4%	4%	3%
No	92%	91%	84%

Was a domestic violence protection order granted?	2017	2016	2015
Applied, not granted	<1%	1%	1%
Applied, granted	3%	4%	3%
Not applied	89%	89%	82%

Action taken	2017	2016	2015
Cautioned	4%	4%	4%
Fixed penalty notice	<1%	<1%	<1%
Charged	64%	65%	70%
No further action	24%	23%	19%

Crown prosecution service		Cases charged = 144	
As % of cases charged			
Perpetrator was:	2017	2016	2015
Released on bail	70%	72%	65%
Remanded in custody	27%	24%	24%
Did CPS proceed?	2017	2016	2015
Yes, with support of victim	80%	79%	80%
Yes, but victim withdrew	12%	12%	12%
No, insufficient evidence	3%	3%	4%

Court information	CPS proceeded = 1328		
As % of CPS proceeded			
Where was the case initially heard?	2017	2016	2015
Magistrate - SDVC	70%	70%	73%
Magistrate - Other	26%	23%	22%

Was the case passed to crown court?	2017	2016	2015
Yes, for trial	21%	16%	17%
Yes, for sentencing	11%	12%	9%
Yes, for appeal	<1%	<1%	<1%
No	61%	67%	57%

Who attended court?	2017	2016	2015
Victim	43%	38%	38%
Perpetrator	79%	80%	79%
Other	13%	12%	11%
Caseworker	50%	44%	48%
Witness service	21%	22%	20%

Were special measures granted?	2017	2016	2015
Not requested	41%	52%	58%
Granted	35%	28%	24%
Denied	<1%	<1%	<1%

Court outcomes	2017	2016	2015
Pled guilty	55%	60%	50%
Convicted	16%	17%	21%
Guilty verdict	72%	77%	70%
Acquitted	11%	9%	10%

Charges applied for			Cases cha	rged = 1449
Offences against the person	20	17	2016	2015
	n	%	%	%
ABH (S47)	205	14%	15%	12%
Affray	10	1%	1%	1%
Assault by penetration	2	<1%	<1%	<1%
Attempted murder	7	<1%	1%	<1%
Breach of restraining order	119	8%	7%	9%
Breach of non-molestation order	56	4%	3%	5%
Breach of the peace	2	<1%	<1%	<1%
Common assault	620	43%	46%	47%
Communications/ malicious Communications Act offences	28	2%	1%	1%
Drunk & disorderly	4	<1%	0%	0%
Female genital mutilation	0	0%	0%	0%
Forced marriage	0	0%	<1%	<1%
GBH (S18)	44	3%	2%	2%
GBH (S20)	24	2%	2%	2%
Harassment (S2)	153	11%	11%	10%
Harassment (S4)	44	3%	3%	3%
Indecent assault	3	<1%	0%	<1%
Murder	1	<1%	0%	0%
Public order act offences	21	1%	1%	1%
Rape	30	2%	1%	2%
Stalking (S2A)	6	<1%	<1%	1%
Stalking (S4A)	3	<1%	<1%	<1%
Sexual assault	19	1%	1%	1%
Threats to kill	66	5%	5%	3%
Witness intimidation	11	1%	1%	1%
Other offences against the person	71	5%	3%	3%
Don't know	18	1%	2%	2%

Offences against property	20	2017		2015
	n	%		
Arson	11	1%	1%	<1%
Burglary/ attempted	19	1%	1%	1%
Criminal trespassing	1	<1%	<1%	0%
Criminal damage	242	17%	15%	15%
Theft	20	1%	1%	1%
Threat to damage	3	<1%	<1%	1%
Other offences against property	9	1%	1%	2%
Don't know	10	1%	1%	1%

Outcomes as % of charges applied for

For the 10 most common offences recorded

ABH (S47)		Charges applied for = 205	
	2017	2016	2015
Pleaded guilty	50%	51%	48%
Convicted	18%	19%	19%
Acquitted	14%	10%	7%
Missing	19%	20%	25%

Breach of restraining order		Charges applied for = 119	
	2017	2016	2015
Pleaded guilty	58%	69%	61%
Convicted	22%	11%	16%
Acquitted	6%	7%	6%
Missing	14%	12%	16%

Breach of non-molestation order		Charges applied for = 56	
	2017	2016	2015
Pleaded guilty	52%	62%	58%
Convicted	16%	18%	25%
Acquitted	14%	11%	2%
Missing	18%	9%	15%

Common assault		Charges applied for = 620	
	2017	2016	2015
Pleaded guilty	49%	55%	45%
Convicted	19%	18%	23%
Acquitted	19%	13%	14%
Missing	13%	14%	18%

Communications/ Malicious Communications Act offences		Charges applied for = 28	
	2017	2016	2015
Pleaded guilty	61%	69%	49%
Convicted	14%	13%	23%
Acquitted	14%	0%	6%
Missing	11%	19%	21%

GBH (S18)		Charges applied for = 44	
	2017	2016	2015
Pleaded guilty	52%	39%	47%
Convicted	7%	11%	18%
Acquitted	9%	21%	8%
Missing	32%	29%	26%

Harassment (S2)		Charges applied for = 153	
	2017	2016	2015
Pleaded guilty	59%	64%	58%
Convicted	13%	19%	18%
Acquitted	14%	6%	8%
Missing	14%	11%	16%

Harassment (S4)		Charges applied for = 44	
	2017	2016	2015
Pleaded guilty	59%	65%	55%
Convicted	14%	20%	14%
Acquitted	9%	10%	12%
Missing	18%	4%	19%

Rape		Charges applied for = 30		
	2017	2016	2015	
Pleaded guilty	3%	9%	4%	
Convicted	23%	13%	15%	
Acquitted	30%	30%	33%	
Missing	43%	48%	48%	

Threats to kill		Charges applied for = 66	
	2017	2016	2015
Pleaded guilty	44%	61%	45%
Convicted	14%	7%	14%
Acquitted	14%	14%	18%
Missing	29%	18%	22%

Offences against property

For the 5 most common offences recorded

Arson		Charges applied for = 11	
	2017	2016	2015
Pleaded guilty	55%	56%	67%
Convicted	9%	22%	0%
Acquitted	9%	11%	0%
Missing	27%	11%	33%

Burglary/ attempted		Charges applied for = 19	
	2017	2016	2015
Pleaded guilty	26%	58%	29%
Convicted	21%	16%	21%
Acquitted	21%	5%	7%
Missing	32%	21%	43%

Criminal damage		Charges applied for = 242	
	2017	2016 2015	
Pleaded guilty	62%	65%	60%
Convicted	14%	16%	19%
Acquitted	10%	5%	6%
Missing	14%	14%	15%

Theft		Charges applied for = 20		
	2017	2016	2015	
Pleaded guilty	30%	37%	33%	
Convicted	20%	32%	28%	
Acquitted	20%	5%	17%	
Missing	30%	26%	22%	

Threat to damage		Charges applied for = 3		
	2017	2016	2015	
Pleaded guilty	0%	67%	35%	
Convicted	33%	17%	9%	
Acquitted	0%	0%	0%	
Missing	67%	17%	57%	

Penalties imposed as % of guilty verdicts		Gui	Ity verdicts = 950
	2017	2016	2015
DV-related specified activity order	19%	18%	20%
Other specified activity order	12%	14%	9%
Exclusion order	1%	<1%	1%
Dther order	5%	5%	9%
DV-related specified activity order	8%	9%	20%
Other specified activity order	5%	4%	9%
Exclusion order	1%	1%	1%
Other requirements	5%	4%	6%
up to 12 months	19%	18%	21%
2 months or more	10%	8%	9%
ndeterminate sentence	<1%	<1%	<1%
ip to 1 year	14%	15%	18%
-5 years	30%	25%	22%
or more years	4%	3%	4%
ndefinite	13%	13%	15%
Bindover	1%	1%	1%
ine	21%	21%	14%
Caution	<1%	<1%	1%
Compensation	16%	17%	12%
Dther	10%	10%	9%
Don't know	2%	5%	4%

Civil justice outcomes

(Information captured at exit, n=558)

Civil justice outcomes				
Was the client supported with civil justice?	20	2017		2015
	n	%	%	%
Yes	558	14%	12%	9%
No	1991	49%	45%	38%
Missing	1477	37%	43%	53%

Legal aid		Supported with civil justice = 558		
	2017	2016	2015	
Qualified for legal aid	49 %	50%	69%	
Did not qualify for legal aid	17%	14%	14%	
Did not apply	7%	9%	5%	

Provision of legal aid	2017	2016	2015
Solicitor	67%	64%	86%
McKenzie friend	1%	0%	0%
Idva (DIY order)	9%	9%	10%
Other	3%	4%	4%
No legal support	14%	12%	4%

Civil orders applied for	2017	2016	2015
Non-molestation order	48%	48%	65%
Occupation order with power of arrest (PoA)	1%	3%	1%
Occupation order	3%	2%	4%
Order under Protection from Harassment Act	2%	0%	1%
Injunction under Forced Marriage Act with PoA	0%	0%	1%
Contact order	12%	7%	14%
Prohibited steps order	10%	12%	14%
Specific issue order	1%	1%	1%
Residence order	14%	10%	16%
Other orders under the Children Act	8%	4%	6%

Civil orders granted/breached			
Non-molestation order	2017	2016	2015
As a % of orders applied for:			n= 269
Granted	66%	70%	73%
Under-taking	10%	8%	8%
As a % of orders granted:			n= 178
Interim	12%	12%	9%
Final	41%	31%	31%
Indefinite	0%	0%	0%
Breached	18%	21%	23%

Occupation order with power of arrest (PoA)	2017	2016	2015
As a % of orders applied for:			n= 5
Granted	80%	59%	80%
Under-taking	0%	6%	6%
As a % of orders granted:			n= 4
Interim	0%	0%	0%
Final	50%	10%	10%
Indefinite	0%	0%	0%
Breached	0%	0%	25%

Occupation order	2017	2016	2015
As a % of orders applied for:			
Granted	65%	62%	55%
Under-taking	6%	23%	23%
As a % of orders granted:			
Interim	27%	0%	18%
Final	45%	25%	25%
Indefinite	0%	0%	0%
Breached	9%	0%	9%

Order under Protection from Harassment Act	2017	2016	2015
As a % of orders applied for:			n= 9
Granted	56%	100%	50%
Under-taking	0%	0%	0%
As a % of orders granted:			n= 5
Interim	20%	0%	0%
Final	20%	0%	0%
Indefinite	0%	0%	0%
Breached	40%	50%	0%

Contact order	2017	2016	2015
As a % of orders applied for:			n= 65
Granted	57%	67%	55%
Under-taking	3%	2%	2%
As a % of orders granted:			n= 37
Interim	14%	4%	10%
Final	38%	36%	36%
Indefinite	0%	0%	0%
Breached	3%	4%	10%

Prohibited steps order	2017	2016	2015
As a % of orders applied for:			n= 57
Granted	70%	78%	86%
Under-taking	2%	0%	0%
As a % of orders granted:			n= 40
Interim	10%	5%	10%
Final	33%	39%	39%
Indefinite	0%	0%	0%
Breached	0%	2%	0%

Specific issue order	2017	2016	2015
As a % of orders applied for:			n= 6
Granted	67%	80%	100%
Under-taking	0%	20%	20%
As a % of orders granted:			
Interim	0%	25%	25%
Final	25%	25%	25%
Indefinite	0%	0%	0%
Breached	0%	0%	25%

Residence order	2017	2016	2015
As a % of orders applied for:			n= 76
Granted	68%	80%	75%
Under-taking	4%	3%	3%
As a % of orders granted:			n= 52
Interim	12%	4%	10%
Final	46%	41%	41%
Indefinite	0%	0%	0%
Breached	2%	0%	2%

Other orders under the Children Act	2017	2016	2015
As a % of orders applied for:			n= 43
Granted	58%	63%	54%
Under-taking	12%	15%	15%
As a % of orders granted:			n= 25
Interim	16%	29%	13%
Final	32%	47%	47%
Indefinite	0%	0%	0%
Breached	4%	6%	0%

Outcomes of breached orders			n= 36
	2017	2016	2015
Criminal charge in respect of breach of non-mol	42%	57%	42%
In contempt of court and fined/imprisoned	0%	5%	4%
Application for warrant of arrest	6%	2%	4%
Adjourned	3%	0%	2%
Dismissed at civil court	0%	0%	4%
Other	6%	2%	5%
No further action	31%	19%	33%

Applications made by the perpetratror			n= 558
Cross applications made by the perpetrator	2017	2016	2015
Contact order	10%	8%	10%
Other orders under Children Act	2%	2%	3%
Other cross application	1%	2%	1%

Fact finding hearing in cases where a cross application was made			n= 68
	2017	2016	2015
Cases where there was a fact finding hearing	40%	54%	41%

Other perpetrator orders			n= 558
	2017	2016	2015
Cases where the perpetrator applied for any other orders	2%	4%	2%